The Pittsburgh Gazette.

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 35. PITTSBURGH. TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 23, 1819. New Series, No. 162

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, on Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets—at $ 4 per Annum.

Lately Received,

40 KEGS of good quality Kentucky TOBACCO,
10 ditto Cavendish, from Richardson's manufactory,
20 ditto 4, 6, 8, & 10d Nails,
20 ditto Spanish Brown,
30 ditto Chalk,
20 bbls LAKE SALT,
150 twilled country Bags,
3 dozen box Coffee mills,
4 ditto German or Dutch Lamps,
Writing, Letter and Wrapping Paper,
Lead, blister steel and Soal Leather,
A quantity of 8 by 10 Window Glass in boxes and half boxes,

A fresh assortment of

Hard and Brass Wares,

And as usual, a general assortment of

Merchandize.

All which will be sold at fair Market prices for Cash, or approved country produce.

ISAAC HARRIS, *Diamond.*

Pittsburgh, November 12. 3

☞ A great variety of uncurrent prper received in payment as heretofore.

☞ Wanted to purchase a quantity of BEESWAX.

Washington Hall,

SIGN OF THE

GOLDEN LAMB.

STEUBENVILLE.

J. COLLIER, has established a House of Entertainment, in the new three story brick building, a few rods south-west of the court-house, and at the west end of the Market house, Steubenville, with the above named sign. He begs leave to keep a quiet and orderly house, and to supply his guests with the best accommodations the country affords.

A Reading Room

attached to the establishment, free of access to the traveller and stranger, which is regularly supplied with the best Newspapers from Boston, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington city, Richmond, Pittsburgh, Detroit, Cincinnati, Lexington, Louisville, New-Orleans, Columbus, and many other places, and also with Magazines from London, Edinburgh, and Boston.

September 27, 1819. 12N4

Trotter's Warranted GUN-POWDER.

Just receceived and for sale by the subscribers

100 KEGS

Superior glazed RIFLE POWDER, Nos. 20, 24, 30 and 36, manufactured at the Powder Works of Samuel Trotter, one and a half miles from Lexington, Ken. and warranted equal in quality to any imported from Europe, manufactured in the United States:

They have also in store, for sale, the following articles, viz.

JUNIATA BAR IRON,

Ditto Slab ditto,
Nail Rods,
Cut Nails, assorted all sizes,
Geneva Window Glass, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, and 12 by 18,
Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco,
Ditto Leaf ditto,
Common Segars,
Pig and Bar LEAD,
Spanish Soal Leather,
Feathers etc. etc.

Adams & Hutchison.

Pittsburgh, October 22.

Notice

THE co-partnership lately subsisting between John McClean, of this city and John and Isaac Lea, of Philadelphia, trading under the firm of John McClean & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons who are indebted to the late firm will please make payment to John McClean, and those who have claims on it will please present them to him for payment.

JOHN and ISAAC LEA,
JOHN McCLEAN.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 9, 1819

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON,
Rolled ditto,
Sail and Deck Rods,
Crowley & Blister Steel,
Hinges, hinges & screws,
Spinning-wheel Irons,
Trace and Log chains,
Patent beams and Steelyards,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,
Scythes and sickles,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,
Carpenter's adze',
Plough Irons,
Cow-bells,
Castings, assorted,
Pittsburgh & Kentuck Manufac. Tobacco,
Spanish and country Sugars,
Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Rosin soap and candles,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Earthen & Queensware,
Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Allspice, pepper & nut megs,
Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Bed cords and Plough lines,
Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,
Coffee mills, Window glass,
Curry combs, Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 23, 1818.——tf.

Bank of Pittsburgh,

NOVEMBER 1, 1819.

THE President and Directors of this institution, have this day declared a dividend of THREE PER CENTUM for the last six months. The same will be paid to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on or after the 12th inst.

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Jun. Cash'r.

Six Cents Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on Monday the 24th of October last, an indented apprentice to the Blacksmith business, named JOHN TROTTER, about 18 years of age, 6 feet high; had on when he absconded, a fur hat, a drab coloured coat, linen pantaloons,—he took with him a pair of cotton overalls. All persons are forbid harboring him at their peril, as the law will be rigorously enforced against them. The above reward, but no cost or charges will be paid for his apprehension.

JOHN SPROUL.

Fayette township, Nov. 2.

Stray Cow.

CAME to the farm of the subscriber in Pitt township, about the close of harvest, a RED COW, with a white face, small horns, two small pieces out of the right ear and a slit in the left, little white between her fore legs and a little under the belly, and she appears to be about six or seven years old. The owner may have her again, by proving property, paying charges and taking her away.

ADAM BURCHFIELD.

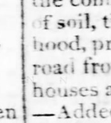
Pittsburgh, Nov. 5, 1819.

Pittsburgh Soap Factory.

THE subscribers have a SOAP FACTORY in complete operation, and will constantly have a large supply of this article, warranted equal to any manufactured in the country, which they will dispose of at reduced prices.

WM. HILL & BROTHERS.

April 9.



WE wish to let that eligible stand for business at the corner of Market and Front streets, lately in the occupancy of Messrs. Peebles, Tweedy & Co

CAUTION

To Dealers in Gunpowder.

HAVING found that inferior GUN-POWDER of other manufactories, is offered for sale as ours, even sometimes in kegs branded DU PONT, whereby attempts are made to injure the well established character of our Gun-powder and impose on the public, we think it necessary to caution the public against purchasing Gun-powder as ours, except from our Agents or from those who are known to purchase from us or our Agents.

E. J. DUPONT, De NEMOUR & Co.

October 19.——2m

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF

DUPONT'S GUN-POWDER

at the most reduced prices. Orders promptly executed by

GEO. BOGGS & CO.

The Editors of the Fredonian, Chilicothe, the Inquisitor, Cincinnati, Public Advertiser, Louisville, the Sun, Vincennes, the Clarion, Nashville, the Enquirer, St. Louis, and Eagle, Maysville, will insert the above two months, and forward their accounts GEO. BOGGS & Co,

CASH.

I HAVE determined to sell my FARM, at the fork of Chartier's creek, in the county of Washington, fifteen miles from Pittsburgh, consisting of about 214 acres, so low for CASH as to make it a great object for any one having the command of money. Its advantages in point of soil, timber, water, sugar camps, neighbourhood, proximity to mills, markets, the turnpike road from Washington to Pittsburgh, meeting houses and an excellent college, are well known—Added to these, some enterprising individuals of capital, are now boring for Salt within a quarter of a mile of it, at a lick which has produced salt from the surface, so that no doubt is entertained of their success. This will be useful, not only to the vicinity in general, but it will be of peculiar benefit to the tract hereby offered for sale, as it will afford a constant market for the stone coal with which the land abounds. I will give the purchaser a PATENT in my own name and a *general warranty* deed. The title is indisputable. I am willing to dispose of eight or ten other tracts, on moderate terms.

THOMAS MORGAN.

Washington, Pa. September 24. 1819.

I. DOANE,

Offers for sale at his ware-house on the Bank near Wood street.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

HARDWARE

Ironmongery,

CUTLERY &c.—Among which are

Steel of all kinds, Saws, Tools, Wire, Round Iron, Spikes, Nails, Boat Nails, Anvils, Vices, CASTINGS, &c. &c.

ALSO,

TAR & ROSIN—by the barrel,

50 Kegs best manufactured TOBACCO.

Commission Business,

Attended to as usual.

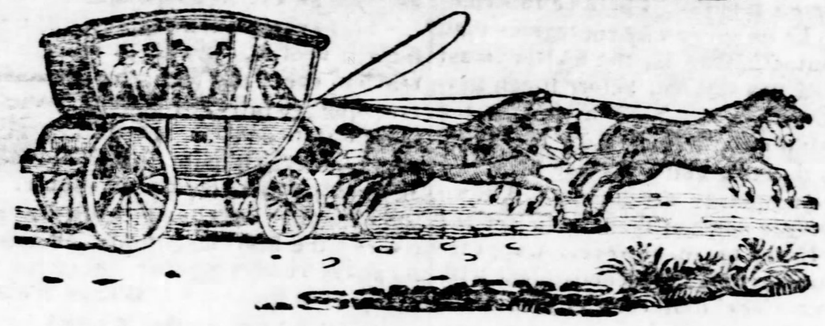
Pittsburgh, May 18, 1819.—y

A few pounds of the genuine

Pipsissiway,

or PYROLA UMBELLATTA, so celebrated for the cure of CANCERS; collected by a medical gentleman, on the Brandywine, near Wilmington, Del. For Sale.

NEW COACHEE LINE.



D. H. Blaine & James Kinkead,

Have commenced running from Washington to Pittsburgh,

A NEW LINE OF COACHEES,

THREE TIMES A WEEK,

LEAVE D. H. Blaine's in Washington, Penn. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at noon —arrive at Pittsburgh at 7 o'clock, P. M. same day.—Returning, leave J. B. Oliver's, Wood street, Pittsburgh, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at half past 4, A. M. arrive at Washington same days at 11.

The above arrangements will suit the present Mail line from Wheeling, Va. to the city of Washington and Baltimore—the whole route will be performed in four days from Pittsburgh to either of the last mentioned places.

The FARE in the Coachee will be regulated by that of the Mail line.

August 10

Seasonable Goods.

Just received a general assortment of

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Imported by late arrivals from London and Liverpool, viz.

Rose and Point Blankets, Bockings,
Common and London Cloths and Cassimeres,
Extra Superfine London ditto ditto.
Pelisse Cloths, Worsted Hoisery, Bombazets, & an assortment of Cotton Goods.

Some of the cases are well assorted so as to suit country merchants—all or any of which will be sold low for cash, by the subscriber at Messrs. Jas. W. Biddle & Co. corner of Second and Wood streets.

JAS. M. CLENDENIN.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 2d, 1819.

Mallory & Newell,

Auction and Commission Merchants.

CINCINNATI (O.)

REFERENCES.

Messrs. Platt & Co. Bankers, Cincinnati
Col. James Morrison, Lexington, Ky.
Thomas C. Wright, Esq. Pittsburgh,
Thomas C. Wright, Esq. Georgetown, D. C.
George Williams, Esq. Baltimore, Md.

Pittsburgh, September 10.

ROSIN SOAP.

Ormsby & Doane,

Have For Sale at the Brick Warehouse, on Water, between Market and Ferry streets,

150 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
100 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco,
50 Tons Juniata Iron,
30 ditto Castings,
Plaister of Paris—by the barrel,
20 Barrels Whiskey,
20 ditto Pickled Pork,
30 Boxes Chocolate—No. 1,

Rectified Lake Salt, by the bbl.

A Quantity of CHEESE,

Axes, Hoes, Mattocks, Drawing Chains, &c. &c.

July 16, 1819.

Notice.

HAVING removed to Harrisburgh I have placed my docket papers and business in the hands of CHARLES SHALER, Esq. a gentleman in whose professional skill and integrity my numerous friends and clients may place the most implicit confidence.

The following books are missing from my library, viz. 5th and 6th Binney, 1st Hawkins, 9th Harris' Entries 8th Wilson's Reports—any person having the same will confer an obligation on me by leaving them at Mr. Shaler's *office, next door to the Black Bear inn in the Diamond.*

S. DOUGLAS.

Pittsburgh, February 12, 1819.——tf

P. S. I will attend to land business and other agencies in Harrisburgh; and those who entrust me with the same may depend on my punctuality.

Stray Cow.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living on the waters of the nine mile run, about the 18th of October last, a small Red COW, with a white face and crumpled horns. She has since had a calf. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

WM. FERREE.

Pitt township, November 16.

Practice of Law.

JAMES S. CRAFT, Esq. is associated with me in my professional business, and may be at all times consulted by my clients. We have opened our office in the Diamond, north of the court-house, where one or both of us may be found at all times by persons willing to entrust us with their business. Mr. Craft is a gentleman of sound legal knowledge and great industry, and by our united attention, diligence and punctuality, it is expected the business of our clients will be promptly and well done.

WALTER FORWARD.

Pittsburgh September 28.

George Miltenberger,

Bell & Brass Founder,

COPPER-SMITH,

TIN-PLATE & SHEET-IRON WORKER,

Front street, next door to the Post-Office,

Respectfully informs the public that he manufactures and keeps always on hand,

BELLS,

For Churches, Court-houses, Academy's Factory's, Taverns, etc.

Warranted equal to any in the United States—

Of all sizes—Wash, Hatters, Plank, Dye, Stew & Tea

Kettles;

Still-cocks, Rivets, Solder, Block Tin, Spelter Sheet Brass and Sheet Iron,

With a large and general assortment of

Tin Ware.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1819——tf

The Ohio River.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that proposals will be received by the subscribers, for improving the navigation of the Ohio River from the city of Pittsburgh to the line of the state of Pennsylvania, a distance of about 40 miles, from this time until the first of December next.

The contemplated improvement will consist in removing the large stones from the bed of the river, and in cutting an artificial channel through the shoals and ripples of a certain depth and width. The work necessary to effect this object would be of a very simple kind. The stones lying in the channel are not attached to the bed of the river—none of them are so large as to require to be blown, and the artificial channel would have to be opened through sand and gravel.

The subscribers reside in Pittsburgh, and would be happy to afford every information upon the subject to any enterprizing persons disposed to undertake the work.

Matthew B. Lowrie,
Charles Shaler,
Alex. Johnston, Jr.
John Linton,
James Adams,
Isaiah Doane,
William Wilkins.

Pittsburgh, September 21.——6t

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of SMITH & PARK, Watchmakers and Silver-smiths, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Those indebted to the said firm will please make payment to John Park, who is authorised to settle the business, and those having claims against the firm, will please to call on him for payment.

N. W. SMITH,
JOHN PARK.

Pittsburgh, November 10.

☞ The above business will be carried on in the same place, by

JOHN PARK.

Best Pickling Vinegar.

A QUANTITY OF THE BEST QUALITY

VINEGAR,

For Sale by the subscriber, on the bank of the Monongahela.

JAMES McCAY.

Pittsburgh, September 21.

Town of PALERMO.

THE scite of this Town is on the bank of the Ohio river in Union county, state of Kentucky, immediately opposite the mouth of the Saline river, in the state of Illinois.

The Sale of Lots

will take place on the 20th day of October next, under the directions of the Commissioners appointed by the Court of Union county, and will continue from day to day, till Three Hundred are disposed of

THE TERMS OF SALE

will be one fourth down, one fourth in nine, one fourth in eighteen, and one fourth in twenty four months, with a deed of trust to secure the payment.

There is no situation on the Ohio between its source and mouth (with the exception of Louisville) which combines more or greater advantages than

PALERMO

—Union is allowed to be the most fertile county south of Green river, and the whole section of country between the Green and Cumberland rivers is well known to be peculiarly adapted to the culture of Tobacco than any other part of Kentucky. The population is increasing most rapidly, and by many of the most respectable and genteel families from Virginia, North Carolina and the old settled parts of Kentucky. This town is about 1200 miles above New-Orleans and lies in the direct course to Illinois, Missouri, Arkansaw, Kaskaskia and Red River countries, and shortens the distance at least thirty miles instead of going by Shawanee-town. In its immediate neighbourhood, are very large bodies of the richest land in the state—it is about 6 miles by water from the United States' Salt Works, and must become the deposit for the salt wanted in the adjacent counties of Kentucky, and a considerable portion of Tennesee.

PALERMO

is destined to become one of the greatest places on the whole river for steam works, having an inexhaustible coal mine within half a mile of the river, and the coal not a foot below the surface, and also within three or four miles of the town one of the richest ore banks in the western country.

PALERMO

possesses a great advantage over every other situation on the river above it, that steam-boats and others can at almost all seasons of the year come from and return to New-Orleans, there being never less than 12 feet water at its banks; the want of which advantage was severely felt from Pittsburgh as low as Shawanee-town last fall, at the former of which places an immense amount of goods was detained on account of the lowness of the water from September to December. An importing house at this place, getting goods from Baltimore, New-York or from Europe direct by way of New-Orleans, and having one or make incalculable profits by supplying the country as high as Louisville and up the different tributary streams of the Ohio with merchandize. This town is laid off on a beautiful plain or level extending from the river to the foot of the Curlew Hills, a distance of nearly a mile, and commands a fine view of the Ohio and Saline rivers.

Encouragement to Mechanics to settle in PALERMO;

Fifty Lots

Will be given gratis in fee simple, (including those given to the acting Commissioners) also the use of pit coal for five years, for fuel, the use of an acre lot for five years for a garden, timber for the interior of a two story house building stone from the Curlew hills, on condition that the grantee build and completely finish in two years, a two story house aforesaid of brick or stone; the same privileges will be extented to purchasers at the first sale, but to no others. The situation is peculiarly well calculated for an industrious and prudent mechanic to realize a fortune in a short time; provisions are remarkably low, wages uncommonly high, and the savings of a few months can at any time be invested in the public lands by crossing over to Illinois, Indiana or Missouri, which will increase annually for years to come from 25 to 30 per cent

PALERMO

is very healthy, well watered by a number of the purest springs, and at a distance of about eighteen miles are some of the most efficacious *White Sulphur* and *Salt Sulphur Springs* in the Western country, which are much resorted to. At the same time will be leased for a term of years, from

15 to 20 FARMS

Of 75 ACRES each, of as rich lands as the state affords, adjoining the town; and every stick of wood, every fowl, pig, shoat, lamb, mutton, vegetable, pound of butter or pint of milk that the farmer can spare will find a certain and ready market from the steam boats.

The following trades would meet with most encouragement, viz. Brick-makers, Brick-layers, Carpenters, Black smiths, Wheelwrights, Coopers, Cabinet makers, Tanners & Curriers, Shoemakers, Hatters and Tailors. None however need apply except such as are masters of their trades and sober and industrious. Any letters directed to the subscriber at Frankfort, Ken. (post paid) will be duly attended to.

Patrick Hendren.

August 12, 1819.——4wcPHF21stDec.

LOUIS ROCHAT,

CLOCK & WATCH-MAKER,

Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield streets,

THANKFUL for the very liberal encouragement he has received from the citizens of Pittsburgh, hereby informs them that the settlement of some business down the river, compels him to leave the city, and that those who have left any thing with him to make or repair, can get the same from G. LEMONNIER, an experienced Clock and Watch-maker, with whom I have left my stock, and authority also, to receive whatever is due to me, either by note or account.

G. Lemonnier.

will continue to make and repair any thing in his line. Patent lever watches, repeating and musical repaired and warranted, and work in general done at reduced prices.

Pittsburgh Gazette

TUELDAY MORNING, NOV. 23, 1819.

The death of Mr. Snyder will probably create a considerable degree of fermentation in Philadelphia and in many of the middle counties of Pennsylvania. There is a powerful force in these places organizing against the present executive, and the only difficulty which has presented itself to the leaders of this opposition was to find a proper candidate to oppose to him at the next election. General Heister has been spoken of; Mr. Montgomery of Milton, has been hinted at, and some have gone so far as to mention the name of a gentleman of Greensburgh. But as far as we have been able to observe, these inuendos were merely by way of feeling the people's pulse.—There was nothing exactly serious in all this; we have not now, and we never had the least doubt but that the enemies of the present governor always had their eyes fixed upon Mr. Snyder, in case they could not do better; they would have preferred any other citizen, but they always resolved to fly to the old governor, if they did not feel strong enough on any other ground. On the other hand Mr. Findlay's old friends in this country were pretty much in the same situation of poor Shirley in the rehearsal,

"They did not know what to do or what to say."

They wished Mr. Findlay elected, but they knew if Mr. Snyder was taken up, that the fate of the contest would at all events be dubious; thus, although they advocated Mr. Findlay privately, they felt afraid to declare for him publicly and independently. They are relieved now from this embarrassment, and no doubt they will come out as fierce as Falstaff after he was assured the enemy was dead. Dismay hovers over the ranks of the enemy; we shrewdly guess they will now have recourse to a certain western gentleman high in office, (we do not mean Henry Baldwin, for it seems that the wiseacres of the middle counties are as much afraid of lawyers, as Mr. Mitchell, an old Carlisle republican was of 'farning,' and 'larned men.') Whether this gentleman would consent to relinquish his present, and in our opinion, more honourable situation, we know not; it is certain, however, that it is of the highest importance to have an executive whose views are not bounded by the Cove Mountain, and who is not entirely fascinated by Mr. Breck's El Dorado notions. We disavow any thing like political prejudice; if we have any bias in our minds, it is a sectional one; we have been in the habit of considering our western politicians as having more liberal and enlightened views, and on this account we should be gratified to see the west more influential than she has been. But it is but just to say that Mr. Findlay's private opinions are exactly such as we in Pittsburgh would wish them. He expresses himself perfectly convinced of the intimate connection which exists between the prosperity of our city and that of every other portion of the state; he has a perfect knowledge of our geographical situation, of our character and our wants. This is what we cannot expect in any other mere eastern man, for generally speaking their notions about Tramontane affairs are very ridiculous. As western men and as citizens of a great state we must consider three or four things as indispensable; and before we give our votes for the next governor, we ought to be convinced that he is equally with us, impressed with their necessity. The first is the clearing out of the Ohio, the second is the completing of a free turnpike, and the last though not least is some amendment to our judiciary system and the selection of judges in that case of legal standing of experience and of ermine purity. Any governor who thinks with us on this subject shall have our support, but the least equivocation will dash him from our minds. This is asking but little, and that little is reasonable; if we cannot be gratified in this, we may as well in future give ourselves no trouble about sending members to the assembly,

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COMMUNICATED.

Messrs. Scull & Neville,

For the last three or four weeks, I have examined every number of your paper with particular care, anxiously desirous to meet with a communication from some of your correspondents, respecting the disease which at present prevails among the domestic animals of our neighbourhood, but particularly the horses. I have, however, been disappointed. I am very much astonished that so useful an animal should not receive more care; there is a great balance of debt in his favour, and which we cannot discharge otherwise than by studying and curing his diseases. From such considerations, I have been prompted to offer to the public, through the medium of your paper, my thoughts upon said epidemic—they will at least invite investigation, and in that way be useful.

The premonitory symptoms are as follow, viz:—Stupor costiveness, inability to undergo the common ratio of exercise, which appears from profuse perspiration, upon being made to carry the lightest burden, and very trifling appetite; after some time the saliva begins to run from the mouth, and then upon examination the mouth, throat and tongue, are inflamed, swollen and blistered, and in some cases the whole alimentary canal; which is presumable from the rectum and fundament being excoriated and blistered—these contain a yellow coloured opaque matter, resembling pus, but most certainly very acrimonious, for it produces the same complaint, when applied to any other horse's mouth. I believe this complaint to be no other way contagious than from contact; that is, the matter must be applied to a surface, before it can propagate the disease. From a view of the above symptoms, I am led to conclude, that this disease, and a disease to which the human species are incident, known by the vulgar name of the thrush, are the same. In the horse, however, it appears to be more generally accompanied with an inflammatory diathesis, or bad habit of body. Its principal causes are, acidity of stomach and intestines, and acrimony of the humours of the body. The mode of cure is, to bleed copiously in the first place, to reduce or change the habit of body, and perhaps the mouth ought to be selected as the place from which to draw blood. Purging with glauber salts, or any other cooling neutral salt, every other day, during the continuance of the disorder, varying the quantity to be given according to the constitution of the horse, from half a pound to one pound. In order to sheath the inside from acrimony, linseed tea, which is a mucilaginous substance ought to be poured down, a quart of it every day—If the fundament is excoriated, then glysters of the same will be necessary and useful. To correct acidity, chalk mixed in water to the amount of three or four ounces ought to be given by the mouth every day. As a wash for the mouth, I know of nothing superior to the following—Take of a strong decoction of Privet leaves, or white-oak bark warm, 4 pounds, and 1 ounce powdered Borax; dissolve the borax in the warm decoction and add as much honey as will make the whole sweet, with which, when cool, wash the horses mouth, twice a day, regularly.

From a trial of the above remedies on several horses in this neighbourhood, I am confident that they will cure.

The above remedies will answer equally well with Cows.

A STUDENT
of Veterinary Medicine.

From N. Y. D. Advertiser, Nov. 9

There is, perhaps, no colony of modern establishment, in the world, considering its origin and its object, of a more singular New South Wales, or as it is otherwise called, New Holland. This immense territory, which is called an island, but might with propriety be considered a continent, was explored by the celebrated navigator Cook, in the year 1770, and in consequence of his suggestion, was adopted by the British government as a receptacle for their convicts. The first use made of it for this purpose was, if we recollect aright, in the year 1787, when several hundred were sent over from the parent country, as a sentence of transportation for various crimes, and under the government of governor Philip.

From that time to this, it has been made use of for the same purpose, and is now a large and important colony, and bids fair, in some future day, to become a valuable portion of the British dominions, or perhaps may grow, in the end, to a powerful independent nation. The number of inhabitants, in the year 1817, was more than twenty thousand, who had under cultivation near fifty thousand acres of land, which was stocked with numerous flocks and herds, the sheep amounting to more than one hundred and seventy thousand, and the horned cattle to rising forty four thousand.

The natural productions of New Holland in plants, flowers, birds and quadrupeds, are rare and extraordinary. Although it is more than thirty years since its settlement commenced, still, owing to its vast extent and the peculiar circumstances of the colony, the true character of the interior of the country has been, until lately, but little explored or understood. Within the last two or three years, however, under the patronage of Gov. Macquarrie, attempts have been made, and with great success, to examine and survey the unexplored regions, and the result has been such as not only to gratify but to surprize, the persons engaged in the excursions. Among other discoveries thus made, we find an account, in the Edinburgh Review for July, 1819, in an article on several publications respecting that country, of a most majestic river, heretofore unknown, but which bids fair, in extent and character, to equal the most distinguished streams on our own continent. This account is contained in a desaptch from Mr. Oxley, Surveyor General of the settlement, to the governor, dated 30th of August, 1819," and is as follows—

"On the 19th we were gratified by falling in with a river running through a most beatuiful country, and which I would have been well contented to believe was the river which we were in search of. Accident led us down this stream about a mile, when we were surprised by its junction with a river coming from the south, of such a width and magnitude, as to dispel all doubts of this last being the river we had so anxiously looked for.—Short as our resources were, we could not resist the temptation this beautiful country offered us, to remain two days on the junction of the river, for the purpose of examining the vicinity to as great an extent as possible.

"Our examination increased the satisfaction we felt. As far as the eye could reach in every direction, a rich and picturesque country extended, abounding in limestone, slate, good timber, and every other requisite that could render an *uncultivated* country desirable. The soil cannot be excelled; whilst a noble river of the first magnitude, affords the means of conveying its productions from one part to the other. Where I quitted it, its course was northerly; and we were then north of the parallel of Port Stevens, being in latitude 32 degrees 45 minutes south and 148 degrees 58 minutes east longitude.

"It appears to me that the Macquarrie had taken a northwest course from Bathurst, and that it must have received immense accessions of water in its course from that place. We viewed it at a period best calculated to form an accurate judgment of its importance, when it was neither swelled by floods beyond its natural & usual height, nor contracted by summer droughts. Of its magnitude when it should have received the streams we had crossed, independent of any it may receive from the east, which from the boldness and height of the country, I presume must be at least as many, some idea may be formed, when at this point it exceeded, in breadth and apparent depth, the Hawkesbury at Windsor. Many of the branches were of grander and more extended proportion than the admired one of the Nepean River from the Warragambia to Ernu plains.

"Resolved to keep as near the river as possible during the remainder of our course to Bathurst, and endeavour to ascertain, at least on the west side, what waters fell into it, on the 22d we proceeded up the river, and, between the point quitted and Bathurst, crossed the sources of numberless streams all running into the Macquarrie. Two of them were nearly as large as that river itself at Bathurst."—

The Reviewers then add, that—"The nearest distance from the point at which Mr. Oxley left off, to any part of the western coast, is very little short of two thousand miles. The Hawkesbury at Windsor, (to which he compares this and fifty yards in breadth, and of sufficient depth to float a 74 gun ship. At this point it has two thousand miles in a straight line to reach the ocean; and if it winds as rivers commonly do wind, it has a space to flow over of between five and six thousand miles."

From the Boston Centinel, Nov. 10.

SEIZURE OF AMERICAN PROPERTY,
By LORD COCHRANE.

Accounts reached here on Monday,—that 142,000 dollars, the proceeds of the cargo of the brig Macedonian, captain E. Smith of this port, had been seized and confiscated by Lord Cochrane, in a port in Lima.

Outrageous Robbery.—The indignation which the above event has occasioned, and the incorrect manner in which it is narrated in the preceding letter, have induced inquiries, which have resulted in the following facts, which we publish on the best authority.

Capt. Smith, in the Macedonian, trading at Lima, sold and delivered his cargo to the Phillippine Co. before that port was declared to be in a state of blockade; and when the blockade was made by lord Cochrane, this vessel with the other neutral vessels there, went round to the little port of Guermez, about 70 leagues N. of Lima, being the port designated by lord C. himself. Capt. Smith while on his way from Lima to Guermez, by land, with 142,000 dollars the proceeds of his cargo, was intercepted, robbed of the money by lord Cochrane, and taken on board his ship where he was held a close prisoner; and where, after having repeatedly declared that it was wholly American property, he was compelled by lord C. to sign a certificate that it was on Spanish account. After which capt. S. was released and immediately protested against these piratical proceedings; and transmitted his protest, with the necessary documents proving that the property was *bona fide* American, and the actual proceeds of the cargo taken from Boston, to Mr. Hill, the Vice-Consul at Valparaiso.

A statement of this daring transaction, we learn, has been sent on to Washington.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 2.

Return of Messrs. LIVINGSTON and SADLER.

No certain intelligence having reached the town of the fate of these intrepid æronauts as late as Thursday evening, the public were beginning to be somewhat uneasy; but their anxiety was soon relieved by the receipt of several letters from Stockton-upon-Tees, in the county of Durham, near to which place Messrs. Livingston and Sadler alighted on the day of their departure from hence. Yesterday, at half past twelve, the public were delighted to see them drive into the town in a chaise and four; the postilions decorated with white ribbons, and the car tied to the top of the chaise. They drove through Church street, Lord street Castle street and Dale st. to the office of the Gas Light Company, where they met several gentlemen of the committee appointed to conduct the ascent, to whom they gave a short account of their long and perilous voyage. At three o'clock they came in the same chaise to the Exchange, where they alighted and went into the exchange news room, amidst an immense crowd of the merchants and gentlemen there assembled, by whom they were received with three cheers.—They here gave a short account of their expedition and adventures, after which they ascended to the underwriter's room, where they were greeted with the same cordiality. A collection was immediately made, which soon amounted to a considerable sum.

We forbear from giving any detailed account of this very interesting excursion, at the request of the committee, under whose auspices a minute narrative of the whole will soon be published, for the benefit of the parties concerned, who are well entitled to every incidental advantage which can be derived from it, not only on account of the toils and hazards they have undergone, but from the loss they are likely to sustain.

This is the longest æerial voyage ever made in Great Britain. The balloon ascended from Liverpool at a quarter past two o'clock, and alighted at five minutes past five, and at the distance of about a mile & a half from the town of Stockton. In a space of two hours and fifty minutes, they traversed a distance of nearly 110 miles in a lineal direction, and if the undulations and aberrations of the machine are allowed for, it would make at least 170 miles. In the course of this voyage, they traversed some of the finest parts of the counties of York and Durham, the views of which both gentlemen describe as sublime and enchanting beyond all description. At a height of nearly two miles from the earth, they took their refreshment and drank the health of the sovereign, and prosperity to the town & trade of Liverpool, in that awful *symposium*. They frequently, on approaching a town or village, descended so low as to be able to converse with the people, by whom they were often invited to make a call and take some refreshments; but such morning visits being rather inconvenient, they were obliged to decline the honour. The noble waving line made by the balloon in these descendings and ascendings, must have been the finest sights which occurred in the whole exhibition, and accordingly, they seemed to excite the highest rapture in the rural spectators.—They did not suffer much from cold; the mercury in the thermometer generally ranging about 38. Unfortunately they had no barometer with them; but Mr. Livingston conjectures, that their utmost elevation might be about four miles and a quarter. Near the town of Stockton, they approached a range of hills, and on surmounting these, were somewhat startled at perceiving themselves within a few miles from the sea.—They immediately drew the valve, and alighted with all possible expedition.—On reaching the ground, they threw out the grappling iron, the hook of which broke at the first pull, and on throwing it out again, another hook was bent straight, and the anchor again dragged. The balloon now forced itself through a thick hedge, the sudden jerk, occasioned by which, unfortunately pitched Mr. Livingston against the side of the car, by which his head and shoulder were so severely bruised, that it was thought advisable to have him let blood, but he is now nearly recovered. At length, by continually keeping open the valve, the balloon gradually subsided in a stubble field, and was finally secured without having sustained the least damage.

We understand that the æerial travellers undertook this long voyage with the view of trying the power of the balloon, and its capability of crossing the channel from hence, the practicability of which is now ascertained.

Whilst the balloon was majestically sweeping over the fever hospital, Brownlow hill, &c. on Tuesday, Mr. Livingston was observed standing on the outer edge of the trail car that sustained him, he holding only with one of his hands on the netting. This instance of gratuitous daring excited the greatest astonishment, and some terror: like many other brilliant achievements however, it was thought more worthy of admiration than of imitation.

Notice.

THE co-partnership lately subsisting between John M'Clean, of this city and John and Isaac Lea, of Philadelphia, trading under the firm of John M'Clean & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons who are indebted to the late firm will please make payment to John M'Clean, and those who have claims on it will please present them to him for payment.

JOHN and ISAAC LEA,
JOHN M'CLEAN.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 9, 1819.

Pittsburgh Prices Current.

corrected weekly for the Gazette,

ARTICLES		From	D. C.	to	D. C.
ALE,	doz.	3		3	50
Ashes pot,	lb.		7		8
—— pearl,			8		
Anchors,			25		
Bacon, Kentucky,			12		
—— country,			12½		
Bottles,	groce	18		19	
Bread, crackers,	cwt.	7			
—— pilot,		5			
Butter,	lb.		12		25
Candles, mould, tallow,			20		25
—— dipt,			18		20
Castings assorted,	ton	100		120	
Cheese,	lb.		12½		18
Coffee,			37		44
Cotton,			34		37
Cordage,			16		18
Cider,	bbl.	2	50	3	
Cloth, Steub. sup.	yard	8		11	
—— do. com.		5	50		
—— Pitts. sup.		7	50	9	
—— do. com.		4	50		
—— country,					
Clover seed	bush.	10			
Feathers,	lb.		50		62½
Flax, clean,			12½		15
—— seed,	bush.		62		75
Flour, wheat, sup.	bbl.	5		6	
—— com.		4	50		
—— rye,	cwt.	1	87	2	
—— corn meal,		1	50	1	75
Fur, Beaver,	lb.	3		4	
Glass, Pitt. 8 by 10	box	10			
man. 100 10 by 12		11			
sq. feet. 12 by 14		14			
Grain, wheat,	bush		75		81
—— rye			50		62½
—— barley,		1			
—— corn,			40		50
—— oats,			31		37
Glue,	lb.		25		30
Gunpowder,			40		45
Iron, Juniata,	ton	140		160	
—— Monongahela,		180			
—— hoop, large,		260		240	
—— do. small,		250			
—— sheet, Amer.	cwt.	15		16	
—— do. foreign,			22		
Lead, pig,			7		
—— bar,			9		
—— red,					
—— white, dry			19		
—— ground in oil,	cwt.	22			
Lumber, boards, pine,	100f.		75	1	75
—— do. oak,		1		2	50
Leather, soal, Spanish,			33		37
—— do. country,	lb.		31		37
—— upper,	side	3		3	50
Nails, all sizes, cut,	lb.		14		19
—— wrought,			22		25
—— spikes					
Oil linseed,	gal.	1			25
—— fish	bbl.	40			
Pork,		20			
Porter, bottled,	doz.	3			
—— barrell,		8	50	8	
Plaster of Paris,	ton				
Pipes,	groce	5			
Paper, writing, No. 1,	ream	4	50		
—— do. 2,		4			
—— do. 3,		3	50		
—— printing demy,		3			
—— do. medium,		3	50		
—— do. royal,		4			
—— do. sup. royal,		4	50		
Peach, Brandy,	gal.		87	1	
Salt, Conemaugh,	bbl.	7	50		
—— Lake,		8	50		
——		8			
Segars, Spanish,	box	10		15	
—— American,	1000	2	50		
Shot, all sizes,	lb.		10		12
Skin, Deer,			16		
—— muskrat,	skin		22		
—— racoon,			40		50
Steel, Crowley,	tag.	30		35	50
—— American,		23		25	
—— German,	lb.		25		
—— blistered,	cwt.	17			
Soap, white,	lb.		15		
—— rosin,			15		
Sugar, N. Orleans.			18	22	
—— country,			16		
—— loaf,			34		
—— lump,			32		
Spanish brown, dry,	cwt.	5			
Salt Petre, crude,			20		25
—— refined,			33		37½
Shingles, pine, joint,	1000				
—— oak, lap,					
Staves, hogshead,					
—— barrel,					
Tallow,			12		15
Tobacco, Kentucky,			14		18
—— Pittsburgh			20		25
—— leaf,			8		9
Tin, in boxes,	box	23		25	
—— block,	lb.		30		
Wool Merino, clean,			50		62½
—— fleece,					
—— half breed,					
—— quarter,					
—— common, clean,			30		35
—— fleece,					
Wax, bees,			25		
Whiskey, rye.	gal.		45		

FRESH PROVISION MARKET.

Beef,	lb.		6½		8
Pork,			6½		8
Veal,			8		10
Mutton,			8		10
Turkeys,	piece				
Ducks	pair				
Chickens,			25		37½
Butter,	lb.		10		25
Eggs,	doz.		12½		18
Fish,	lb.		12½		15

Ten Dollars Reward.

STOLEN or strayed out of my yard, on the night of the 8th inst. a CHESNUT SORREL HORSE, with a little white in his forehead, 7 or 8 years old, shod all round, between 15 and 16 hands high, a natural trotter, rather better calculated for the geers than saddle, was just recovering from the tongue distemper, lately docked and his tail not altogether healed. The above reward will be given for the detection of the thief and delivery of the horse, or five dollars and reasonable charges for the horse if brought home.

JAMES B. OLIVER

Pittsburgh, November 19.

SELDEN & M'NAIR,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF SEASONABLE
DRY GOODS,
in Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1819.

PITTSBURGH.

Tuesday, Nov. 23, 1819.

The communication of a Citizen of Butler county, published to-day, came too late to give us time to accompany it with any observations of our own; we pledge ourselves to do so in our next. An article in the Aurora, of the 15th inst. will also then claim our attention; in the mean time we unhesitatingly beg the Editor's pardon for our want of courtesy in calling him "Duane;" it was done in the hurry of the moment, and the omission we trust is not a usual fault with us.—In the mean time we give this paper full credit for its patriotic course as regards internal improvements, and we with pleasure acknowledge the confidence we place in the anticipated exertions of W. J. Duane, Esq. We are acquainted slightly with this gentleman, and we have a great respect for his talents, education and public spirit.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Messrs. SCULL & NEVILLE,

IT was not until yesterday that I read the editorial remarks in the Pittsburgh Gazette of the 8th inst. I was surprised, pained and mortified to find such sentiments coming from the editor of any paper printed in this district: With the exception of the part relative to the views of the executive, the whole piece will receive the disapprobation of every citizen acquainted with the policy of Pennsylvania for the last ten years.

You tell us that you met with but one individual east of the Susquehannah who appeared convinced of the importance of western improvements—that "our western members must make up their minds to encounter opposition, ignorance and folly in all their varieties," and as it respects the citizens of Philadelphia "such arrogance, such presumption, and such ignorance of their real interest are insupportable;" and that a single member from one of the western counties "is worth a regiment of stupid blockheads, such as we *sometimes* have been cursed with from the middle counties. Mr. Breck too comes in for his full share, if he is not, indeed, the father of the whole mischief.

From the acquaintance I have with you Mr. Neville, it is to me perfectly unaccountable how you came to indulge in such language as this. I do not believe that you would for any consideration knowingly misrepresent, and yet I do know, that in your remarks, as applied to the representation in the legislature from the eastern and middle counties for the last seven years, you are entirely mistaken. From the manner in which you spoke of Mr. Breck, it is evident you do not know him, and that you have not even read his pamphlet on improvement *with any* degree of attention.

Any one will turn to the journals of the legislature for the last eight or ten years, will find that the members from the city of Philadelphia have been the most liberal as it respects western improvements. During that time there were considerable changes in the representation from that important district—sometimes those denominated the new school succeeded; sometimes the old school, and sometimes the federal party, and even at the same session gentlemen from all these parties were in both branches; yet, notwithstanding their local divisions, their votes will shew that they all understood the importance of internal improvement.

The members from the middle counties have not been behind their eastern brethren in encouraging western improvements. A reference to their votes will shew this to be the case; and Pennsylvania may with pride refer to many of her most enlightened sons coming from those counties and giving her the aid of their talents and experience in the legislature. Your remarks on these members are too severe. If on reflection you do not see this to be the case, then I am mistaken in your character. I could refer to many instances of their partiality to western measures,—one will at present suffice.—When the bill granting 80,000 dolls. for the Pittsburgh Bridges was before the House of Representatives, a member from Franklin county moved to strike out 80, and insert 60; this motion he supported in a speech of some length. A member from Lancaster county with much ability opposed the motion. One of his remarks was the following. 'If,' said he "there were but 80,000 dols. in the treasury the whole should go as far as my vote would carry it to build these bridges."

In the most of the western measures relating to Pittsburgh, the members from Washington county, and generally the members from Fayette and Greene, voted against them. I do not mention this as throwing any censure on the representation of these counties. Local circumstances arising chiefly from the U. States road was the cause. Now all the counties west of Somerset send but 21 members. From this take 8 sent from the counties above named and there remains 13, to take care of the western measures in which Pittsburgh is concerned. Now if your account of the eastern and middle representation be correct, how has it happened that a number of very important western measures have been patronised by the legislature, when there were but 13 members out of 97 to get those measures adopted. I can assure you it was by a very different policy from the one pursued in your remarks; even if the eastern and middle members were as ignorant and stupid as you suppose, it would indicate no great degree of wisdom to tell them so.

But the enchanter Breck with his delusive dreams has led them astray. This expression is unworthy of the pen of Mr. Neville; but sure I am had you known Mr. Breck you would have treated him in another manner.

To rescue the character of this gentleman from the imputation cast upon it, it is not necessary that I should be particular in taking notice of the Susquehannah canal, the navigation of the Juniata, &c. If Mr. Breck is visionary on this subject, he was not alone, and many others reputed wise must come in for a share. Even the late governor Snyder, who was almost exclusively a practical man, in more than one of his messages recommended appropriations to complete the canal. For one I am at a loss to discover where lies the absurdity of improving the navigation of the Juniatta river. That it can be improved and rendered navigable, as high as Frankstown or Hollydaysburgh, I have never before heard disputed—that the Conemaugh can be improved as high as its entrance into the Chesnut ridge, will as little admit of a doubt. The distance between these two points is not 50 miles. If the improvement of this important chain of inland navigation be a speculation, it is at least a pleasing one; and the mind or the pen might be indulged in dwelling a little upon it, without receiving the charge of improper enthusiam. Such indeed are the gigantic strides of this blessed country towards improvements and greatness, that the errors of our wisest statesmen have not consisted so much in carrying their navigation too far, as in not carrying them far enough. When Dr. Franklin made his will, he directed a certain sum to be paid towards making the Schuylkill navigable *at the end of the first hundred years after his death.* Thirty years have not elapsed, and a slack water navigation is nearly completed through the whole course of this river, and that too without more aid than $50,000 from the public treasuries.

From an intimate acquaintance with Mr. Breck, I know him to be not barely friendly, but jealously engaged in forwarding those very measures which you sir, and the citizens of our district generally have so much at heart. Last session he was chairman of the committee of the Senate on roads and inland navigation. That nothing was done was not his fault. This will abundantly appear, when it is stated that he introduced a bill into the Senate, which finally passed that body with the following provisions:

The Gov. to subscribe 400 shares to the road between Harrisburgh & Chambersburgh; 400 between Chambersburgh and Bedford; 400 between Bedford and Stoystown; 600 between Huntingdon & Pittsburgh; 10,200 to the Ohio river; 20,000 for the Susquehanah; $12,000 for the Delaware; $10,000 for the Susquehana and Tioga turnpike road.

Thus we see that out of one hundred and forty four thousand dols. no less than $82,000 were for improvements west of Chambersburgh. That this bill did not pass was owing to a division of opinion between the two houses on a very important question. The large appropriations of former sessions had exhausted the treasury. There was then no way of giving aid to the improvements but by anticipating the revenue by a loan. This question divided the wisest & best members in the legislature. In the senate a majority was for anticipating the revenue, that the improvement might not languish. In the House of representatives a majority was on the other side, being unwilling to embarrass the finances of the state.

As it respects our own members I have no doubt they will do their duty. But were I their greatest enemy I would not desire any measure better calculated to destroy their usefulness, than to hold them up as the exclusive possessors of of all the wisdom and patriotism of the assemblies to which they are sent.

A CITIZEN OF BUTLER COUNTY.

PUBLIC MEETING.

At a meeting of the inhabitants of Kittanning, and the adjacent country, held pursuant to previous notice, at the court-house, on the evening of the 11th November 1819, for the purpose of consulting upon suitable measures to procure the speedy opening of the road recently laid out from Kittanning to Hamilton, in the state of New-York;

SAMUEL S. HARRISON, Esq. was called to the chair, and

E. S. KELLEY, Esq. appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting being stated from the chair, the following resolutions were read and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting, the road recently laid out from Kittanning to Hamilton, when well made, will greatly increase the prosperity of the western district of Pennsylvania.—That it will essentially aid in settling and improving the country, lying between the Allegheny river and the Allegheny mountain, and north of Westmoreland county. This part of the state remains almost a wilderness, while the country to north and south of it, is thickly peopled and handsomely cultivated. This is certainly not owing to its unfitness for settlement, for it has in general a good soil and mild climate, and is rich in mineral productions. It is also favorably situated for transporting its produce, either to the sea coast, down the Ohio river, or to the great lakes. The present state of this valuable district of country is, among other causes, owing to its being comparatively unknown. Emigrants from the eastern states, and the state of New-York, have passed along the routes lying eastward and westward of it; and our fellow citizens in the eastern counties of this state, it is presumed know more of Indiana and Illinois, than they do of this part of their own country.

Resolved, That the part of the state above mentioned, being intersected by the road from Kittanning to Hamilton, it will by means of this road attract the attention of travellers and emigrants; and this, it is believed, is all that is necessary to insure its speedy settlement and cultivation.

Resolved, That as the settlement and improvement of the uncultivated parts of our territory has ever formed a distinguished feature in the policy of Pennsylvania, we trust that this wise conduct will be pursued by the present and future constituted authorities of the state. And as this road will materially subserve this policy, it is to be hoped that the making of it will be aided by the state.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting, unless the state aids in making this road, a long time must elapse before it can be even opened, and the country through which it passes, will remain as it now is, uninhabited and unknown.

Resolved, That this road will in our opinion, by facilitating the communication between the city of Pittsburgh, and the state of New-York, greatly increase the trade and prosperity of that city and the surrounding country; that it will increase the trade and industry of the whole country, between Pittsburgh and the New York line; and that our soil will in consequence be better tilled, our mines of coal, of iron, and of salt, be better wrought, and the sources of real independence be consequently enlarged.

Resolved, That Samuel S. Harrison, Eben Smith Kelley, Thomas Hamilton, Robert Robinson, Robert Findley, Samuel Matthews and David Reynolds, be appointed a committee to draw petitions, and after signatures are obtained, to forward them to the General Assembly, praying for an appropriation of public money towards making the said road, & generally to take such other measures, as may in their opinion, conduce to the accomplishment of this important undertaking.

Resolved, That convinced of the general and local advantages which will result from this road, we will aid the speedy completion of it to the utmost of our power.

SAMUEL S. HARRISON, CHAIR'S.
E. S. KELLEY, SEC'Y.

[*Columbian.*

From the Greensburg Gazette, Nov. 19

A CAPTIVE RETURNED.

Peter Klingensmith, a son of the late Philip Klingensmith, of Hempfield township, returned on Wednesday last to his friends in this county, after an absence of thirty eight years—nine years of that time a captive among the Seneca Indians. He was taken at Fort Klingensmith, the residence of his father, four miles from this town, when a boy eight years old, while employed in making hay, by a party of that nation, who at the same time massacred his father, mother, and aunt. After many fruitless inquiries, he was given up by his friends as lost or dead. His existence was accidentally discovered, by Mr. Seikes, who met him in Canada, during the late war, & heard from him such of his recollections as induced a correspondence with Mr. Drum, post-master of this place, on the subject, and which resulted in the conviction of his identity. He was then written for, to come home and receive a part of his father's estate, and has accordingly come for that purpose. He married a Seneca woman, by whom he has five children, at his residence on the Canada shore of lake Erie, where he cultivates a farm.

In person and countenance he strongly resembles his brother Gasper Klingensmith. He intends to return and reside with his family in Canada. He speaks good English, and says he lives in a neighbourhood of English people.

We understand that Commodore Bainbridge has been appointed to the command of the Columbus, ship of the line, fitting at this navy yard; Captain Elton to be acting Captain, and Lieut. Finch the first Lieutenant.—*Nat. Int.*

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.

Com. Shaw is said to be appointed to command of the Independence, ship of the line, now at Boston. He is at present in Philadelphia.

DIED, suddenly, at Northampton, (Mass.) on Sunday last, the honourable CALEB STRONG, late governor of that state, and one of the most virtuous and eminent statesmen and patriots that the country has produced. He was a warm friend to the independence of the country, during the revolutionary struggle; one of the most active and energetic members of the legislature of the state at the time of the formation and adoption of its constitution; he was a member of congress for many years, and of the memorable convention of 1787, that formed the constitution of the United States; he was for several years a senator in congress, after the organization of the national government, and at two different periods repeatedly chosen governor of the state. In all the public stations which he filled, his conduct was marked with the most strict integrity, and distinguished by abilities of a superior order. In private life, he was mild, amiable and affable—respected by this acquaintances and beloved by his family and friends. He sustained through life a most irreproachable character and crowned all his other distinguishing qualities by the excellence of sincere and unaffected piety.

N. Y. D. Ad

MILLEDGVILLE, (Geo) Nov. 2.

With feelings of regret, in which the citizens of our state will very generally participate, we announce the death of Governor RABUN. Of him, with perfect truth it may be said, that his administration of the Government as highest Executive Officer, was conspicuous for the energetic and impartial distribution of justice, that his private character was exemplary for piety and the practice of every social and domestic virtue.

RUINS OF BABYLON.

In the course of November last, Mr Rich, accompanied by Sir Robert Ker Porter and Mr. Bellien, made an excursion to Hilla, and the remains of ancient Babylon, from which they returned to Bagdad on the 24th of November. All the heaps of ruins and bricks were examined with the greatest care. Besides the very detailed drawings, Sir Robert drew in the presence of Mr. Rich, a plan of the whole extensive plain, upon a plan much larger than it had been previously taken by Mr. Rich. The ruin of Ali Haiua and Namrud, were also marked upon it, by which the learned will be enabled to judge whether these two ruins were within the city walls of ancient Babylon, or not; and to see whether Major Bennet or Mr. Rich is in the right. Sir Robert has doubtless left Bagdad, without stopping there, and proceeded by way of Kurdistan to Tabris, whence he returns to St. Petersburg.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H. October 30.

POTATOES.

The quantity of potatoes exported from this place the last two months to Saturday 23d inst. amounting to 97,300 bushels. The exports of the last week has been equal to any preceding week; and they are now coming in plentifully. The export this season will probably be 150,000 bushels. The price opened at 25 cents, rose to 30, and has settled at 27. At this rate over 40,000 dollars will be left with the farmers in this vicinity for this article the present season.

MEDICAL.

Doctors Crichton, Blunn and Ross, of Baltimore, have been very successful in restoring patients sinking under pulmonary complaints, by causing them to inhale the steam of boiling tar. Some of this is to be put in a stone or other suitable vessel, and placed over a burning lamp in the room in which the patient resides so as to keep the room constantly well filled with the vapour of the boiling tar, and in order to do this, the boiling should be repeated three or four times a day.

[Nat. Int.

Specie.—The workmen employed in digging the foundation of a new house, in Baker's alley, Philadelphia, found a copper chest, apparently filled with Spanish dollars. A great scramble took place; but it was afterwards found that these dollars were made of copper lightly washed with silver, exceedingly well done.

Greensburgh Gaz.

A captain of a company in the guard came to the grand parade, to attend his regiment to Hyde Park, on a general field day: after parading in front of the regiment for some time, in search of his company which he could not find, he turned to the adjutant, and requested to know why it was not formed with the battalion? The adjutant replied *it was*, and pointed to the company. The mistake produced no small diversion to the other officers, who thought the captain might, at least, have known his non-commissioned officers, and by them his company: The captain assured that he had always known his company before, by a *man in it with a large nose*, & this man having been unluckily left sick at the hospital he had no means of distinguishing it from any other.

For New-Orleans.

THE KEEL BOAT TWO FRIENDS now loading, will start in a few days. For freight or passage, apply on board opposite the mouth of Market street.

Pittsburgh, November 16.

Notice to my Creditors.

TAKE notice that I have applied to the Judges of the court of Common Pleas of the county of Allegheny for the benefit of the laws of this commonwealth, made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that they have appointed Monday the third day of January next, for the hearing of me and my creditors at the courthouse in the city of Pittsburgh, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper, and shew cause if any you have, why I should not be discharged.

WILLIAM H. WITHERILL.

Allegheny county Jail, November 23, 1819.

Notice to our Creditors.

TAKE notice, that we have severally applied to the Judges of the court of Common Pleas of the county of Allegheny for the benefit of the laws of this commonwealth made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that they have appointed Monday the third day of January next, for the hearing of us and our creditors, at the courthouse in the city of Pittsburgh, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper, and shew cause, if any you have why we and each of us should not be discharged.

JOHN WHITE,
JOHN HAMILTON,
ELISHA LINSAY.

Allegheny county Jail, November 23, 1819.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN

ON the night of Sunday the 14th inst. from the plantation of the subscriber, living about two miles and a half west of London Ferry, (C.) a bright bay MARE, about 5 years old, 15 or 16 hands high, has a large white spot on her forehead, from which a streak of white runs down to her nostrils, where it spreads and covers them; both hind feet white; has a scar on the left thigh which may be easily noticed.—Also was stolen a HORSE COLT, two years old, about 12 or 13 hands high, of a bay colour, with a white spot on her forehead, and both hind feet white.

The above reward will be given for the apprehension of the thief and securing the horse, or Ten dollars for the horses alone, with all reasonable charges.

Information to be given to

JOHN PERDEW.

November 23.

Education

NOTICE is respectfully given that a SCHOOL is opened in the school-room of W. Lecky, Esq. in Wood street, where are taught the several branches of an English education. Strict attention will be paid, and every suitable exertion used by the teacher to fulfill his duty as such. Persons who may wish to make any inquiry relative to the school, will have the goodness to call at the school room.

Pittsburgh, November 23.

For Sale.

A FIRST RATE SADDLE HORSE,

WILL be sold cheap, if immediate application is made, at Mrs. Morrow's Stable.

Pittsburgh, November 21, 1819.

Monongahela Bridge

NOTICE is hereby given to persons residing on the south side of the Monongahela river that applications for CROSSING BY THE YEAR will be received at the Toll House, every Saturday, in conformity to the following Resolutions of the Board of Managers.

That subscriptions from persons residing on the south side of the Monongahela river, to cross the Bridge by the year, be taken on the following terms, viz.

The year shall commence on the first day of April next, and if any person subscribe after that day, he shall pay in proportion, and his time to end on the first day of April following.

The yearly sums shall be paid half yearly in advance.

A committee of the Board shall fix on the annual sum that each subscriber shall pay.

For which sum the persons of the household of the subscriber, together with their horses, shall have the privilege of crossing, and when they cross with any kind of sled, waggon, cart, or carriage, half toll for the same shall be paid as mentioned in the law.

JOHN THAW, Treas'r.

November 18.

Just Manufactured & For Sale,

AT

TOWNES'

Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT

Landscape Paper Hangings

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per Roll. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

Papers of the above description, may be had at

R. Patterson & Lambdin's

Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh,

at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also the exchanges between Eastern and Western funds.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

J. Towne.

January 15. tf

Attention!

ALL those indebted to the late Pittsburgh Academy, will take notice that its debts have been transferred to the Western University of Pennsylvania—Those who neglect to pay the subscriber on or before the first of December next, the amount of their respective accounts will be exacted in par money, and put in suit for collection immediately after that date.

ABNER BARKER,
Manager W. U. P.

Barker & Davis

HAVING determined to close their business, offer for sale their stock on hand, comprising a handsome and general assortment of

Seasonable Goods,

At the most reduced prices, for CASH or country produce. They will also receive in payment for goods, notes on many of the depreciated banks at a small discount. All persons having claims against them are desired to present the same for settlement, and all those indebted are requested to make immediate payment, which will save them the unpleasant feelings resulting from being obliged to resort to coercive measures.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 12, 1819.

To the taxable Inhabitants

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 1st day of December is the day for every delinquent Collector to come forward and discharge their respective duplicates. An empty treasury is very disagreeable, both to the Treasurer and to those who call with warrants, and no doubt will be more so to collectors if they neglect to come forward on said day and settle their accounts. Judgement will be entered without respect to persons. Collectors will do well to take notice that according to law, there is no stay of execution on county duplicates.

R. GRAHAM, Treas'r.
of Allegheny County.

November 5.

To Rent,

FOR ONE OR MORE YEARS;

Three Elegant Houses,

WELL calculated for any kind of business. The first is situated in Market street, nearly opposite the Allegheny Bridge, and next door to Borbidge & Tackaberry. The other two adjoining the warehouses of Allen & Grant in Front street, between Market and Wood streets.

These houses are particularly worthy the attention of men of business. Possession will be given any time before the first of April next.

HENRY HOLDSHIP.

November 19.

Clock & Watch Making.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the above business in the well known stand next door to the Post Office, and hopes from his attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

WILLIAM CLARKE.

Pittsburgh, November 19.

JOHN S. GEALD

Continues to carry on the Gold and Silver-smithing business at the above stand.

Spanish Soal Leather
AND
BUFFALOE ROBES.

The subscribers have just received

5000
lbs best Span. Soal Leather
AND
20 Bales Buffaloe Robes,

Which they offer low for Cash.

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, August 31. tf

☞ On hand a few Kegs prime HOG'S LARD and half a ton of TALLOW.

Spanish Soal Leather.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Spanish Soal and Upper LEATHER,

FOR SALE, at the Tan-yard opposite the 2d Presbyterian church, for which, Huntingdon, Bellfonte Notes will be received in payment.

GEO. ANSHUTZ, Jr.

Pittsburgh, October 19.

I WILL SELL,

And take stock of the Farmers & Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh in payment,

NINE ACRES of ground on the bank of the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, and about 200 yards below Robinson's Ferry—Also a Lot in Mechanic's Retreat. This property will be sold cheap.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1819.

N. B. Those persons indebted to me since I declined the printing business in August, 1816, are once more requested to make payment. A failure in one month, from this date, will *positively* subject them to costs and trouble.

WESTERN HOTEL,

No. 228 MARKET STREET,

Sign of General Washington.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has taken that well known establishment in Market street, next door to the Pittsburgh Mail Stage Office, and lately occupied by Mr. George Yohe. To those who have been accustomed to resort to this house, it is unnecessary to point out its superior advantages. For the information of others we deem it necessary to state that its situation is central, high, healthy and convenient to business; an extensive range of back buildings, consisting of lodging rooms, afford a fine view of the city to the eastward, and admit a free and uninterrupted circulation of air—and, what will give them a decided preference in the opinion of many, is the attachment thereto of balconies, so constructed as not only to afford pleasant promenades, but easy means of escape in the event of any necessity from any sudden alarm of fire. The great Western Stages start every morning from the door, and on the premises is one of the best Livery Stables in the city, conducted by Mr. John Tomlinson, where travellers' horses will be faithfully attended to. With these advantages, and some other improvements now making, added to his own unremitted exertions to please, the subscriber confidently hopes for, and very respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

R. Smith.

Philadelphia, August 11.—1aw3mcU'n

Henry Bheares,

CHAIR MAKER,

Second, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, at the foot of the Market.

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand a handsome assortment of FANCY and WINDSOR CHAIRS and SETTEES, which he offers for sale on accommodating terms.

Having determined to execute every article in his line in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself from that conduct and assiduous attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Orders from a distance can be filled with articles of workmanship equal, if not superior to any made here, and perhaps on more moderate terms.

One or two Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will be preferred. Pittsburgh, May 11, 1819.

To Old Soldiers,

AND UNITED STATES' PENSIONERS.

THE subscriber for many years past has collected the pensions of several United States pensioners—And now offers his services to all pensioners who may apply to him.

He draws up the necessary affidavits, powers of attorney, certificates and vouchers, and with the generous aid of humane magistrates and physicans of this city, and good reponsible agents in Philadelphia, he is enabled to collect pensions promptly when due, at a very trifling expense.

☞ Liberal advances made when required by pensioners in needy circumstances.

ISAAC HARRIS,
Diamond, Pittsburgh.

October 6.—5

Barley Wanted.

THE subscribers having entered into copartnership, are at present establishing a NEW-BREWERY in Pittsburgh, near the foundry of Anthony Beelen, on the Monongahela river, and adjoining the Brewery owned by Thomas Baird & Son, which they mean to designate as

THE

Pittsburgh Brewery No. 4.

At which will be given the highest market price in cash for any quantity of

Good Merchantable Barley,

Which will be received as soon as convenient for the farmers to deliver it. Those who wish to make enquiry before delivery, will please to call with Robert Graham, esq. corner of Market and Second streets, or with the subscribers on the premises.

VARNER, COLWELL & Co.

August 17 tf

William Crawford,

CABINET MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has commenced the above business in Fourth, between Market and Wood streets, adjoining the house of Mrs. Wilkins, and that as he is determined to make his work in the best and most fashionable manner, and flatters himself he will obtain a share of public patronage.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to

Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association.

A NUMBER of the Mechanicks and Manufacturers of the City of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, anxious to promote and invigorate that spirit of domestic industry which is so essential to the prosperity of the western country, having entered into an association under the above denomination, inform the public that they have opened a large and convenient Brick Warehouse in Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets, for the reception and sale of the different articles which they manufacture, together with such articles of domestick produce and manufacture as may be deposited for sale, or consigned to their care; and have appointed George Cochran their Chief Clerk or Agent, to whom all orders and communications on the mercantile business of the association, will in future be addressed. They intend to receive, forward and dispose of all goods entrusted to their care, (ed pecially articles of domestick produce and manufacture) on the most reasonable terms, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favour them with their custom and patronage. From the variety and extent of domestic produce and manufactures which may be collected and offered for sale at their Warehouse, with punctuality in paying over the proceeds, and attention to business, a beneficial result is anticipated, as well to the vender as the purchaser.

All orders enclosing the cash for articles manufactured by the members of the association, or sold in their Warehouse, will be promptly and faithfully executed, at the lowest wholesale prices, without any charge for commission, and western current notes taken in payment.

It is also intended to exchange manufactured articles for country produce and raw materials, such as Iron, Lead, Wool, Cotton, Sugar, Salt, Whiskey, Bacon, Hogs-lard, Butter, Cheese, Flaxseed Oil, Hogs Bristles, Linen, Yarn, Rags.

Annexed is a list of articles now offered for sale.

GEORGE SUTTON,
President of the Association.

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1819. t

Axes, adzes and augers	Nails, an assortment
Balances patent	Patent Ploughs and Mould Boards
Bellows, smith	Planes
Brushes, an assort't	Paper, No. 1, 2, 3, &c.
Buttons, bridle bitts & bridles	Plated Bridle Bitts, Sturrup Irons, Bridle Mounting, &c.
Blank books,	Shot
Biscuit and crackers	Saddles, Men and Women's
Castings	Scale Beams
Copper stills, counter weights	Steelyards
Castor frames and screws	Sawmill Irons
Chairs & cabinet ware, a variety	Soap
Cutlery, a variety,	Shovel and Tongs
Coffee Mills,	Tobacco
Domestic cloth & cord	Tin Ware
Casinet and shawls	Tea Kettles, copper and iron
Drawing chains	Tacks and Sprigs,
Edge tools, a variety	Clouts and Sparables,
Furniture mounting	Whips, Coach, Gig, and Riding, an assortment, at Philadelphia prices
Grindstones	Whiskey, rectified and common
Glass, window, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 11 by 16	Waffle Irons
Gun barrels assorted	Wire Work;
Hackles, hatchets and hoes	
Hammers	
Hats, an assortment	
Iron, bar and rolled	

With a variety of articles manufactured in Pittsburgh, not enumerated above.

Allegheny BRIDGE.

THE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE is now opened for the passage of travellers on foot or on horseback, and for light carriages.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE

RATES OF TOLL.

	Cents.
For every foot passenger	2
For every carriage of whatever description used for the purpose of trade or agriculture, having 4 wheels, and drawn by 6 horses.	75
For every such carriage drawn by 5 horses,	62½
For every such carriage drawn by 4 horses,	50
For every such carriage drawn by 3 horses,	44
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses,	37½
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	31
For every carriage of whatever description for the purpose of personal accommodation or pleasure, having 4 wheels, and drawn by 4 horses,	75
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses	62½
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	37
For every carriage of whatever description, used for the purpose of trade or agriculture, having two wheels and drawn by 4 horses,	44
For every such carriage drawn by 3 horses,	37½
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses,	31
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	18
For every chair or other 2 wheeled carriage of pleasure, for every horse therein,	18
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 4 horses,	37½
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 3 horses,	31
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 2 horses,	25
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 1 horse,	12½
For every horse, mare or gelding with a rider,	6
For every horse mare or gelding without a rider,	6
For every carriage drawn by oxen, or partly by oxen and partly by horses, to be rated in the proportion of 2 oxen for 1 horse, and in all cases a mule to be rated in the same proportion as a horse,	
For every head of horned or muley cattle,	4
For every head of sheep or swine,	2

Not more than TEN head of Cattle shall be permitted to cross at the same time.

Horses or Cattle are not permitted to be rode or driven at a faster gait than a walk.

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Jun. Treas'r.

Pittsburgh, November 2.

German Music.

PIANO FORTE, FLUTE & CLARIONETT

INSTRUCTIONS.

THE subscriber, who lately arrived from Germany, begs leave to offer his services to the citizens of this city and its vicinity, in teaching Music on the above instruments. He will attend seminaries or families, and pledges himself to use every exertion to facilitate the progress of those who may be instructed by him.

Pianos tuned in town and country. Those that are disposed to be taught by him, will apply at Chr. Uppermann's, Grant street.

GODFREY WALDER.

November 12.

The Subscribers

Have just received a CONSIGNMENT of

European & India Goods,

AMOUNTING TO

$25,000

Consisting of a general assortment of

Common; fine, and superfine CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & COATINGS,
Flannels, Rose and Point Blankets,
Blue and Brown Plains,
Fine India and British Muslins,
Cambric and Book ditto,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Vestings, Silks, Hkfs. Shawls, Hosiery, India English Checks, etc,

Hardware.

8 Casks tinned Saddlery, assorted,
1,500 dozen Knives and Forks, ditto,
Chest, Door and Pad Locks,
6 Cases Pewter, assorted—

Together with a variety of articles adapted to the season, which they will sell by the piece or package, on the lowest terms for Cash or exchange for produce of the country.

JAMES W. BIDDLE & CO.

Pittsburgh, October 26.

Notice

ALL persons indebted to to the estate of RANDOLPH BARNES, late of this city, Bookseller, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscriber, and those having any claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

EDWARD SELDEN, Adm'r.

Pittsburgh November 6, 1819. 4

Take Notice.

THE copartnership between Drs. BRUNOT & WARD is dissolved by mutual consent. An immediate settlement of accounts has thereby become absolutely necessary.

F. BRUNOT Sen.
M. A WARD.

Pittsburgh, November 5.

A Most Valuable Estate

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law

Porter Bottles & Hollow WARE.

THOMAS PEARS, &CO.

HAVE for sale, at their Manufactory, in Water near Grant street, an extensive assortment of

BLACK PORTER BOTTLES,
AND OLIVE HOLLOW WARE

Of a very superior quality, at the following prices

Black Porter, Ale and Claret bottles, in form and colour equal to any European, per doz.	$ 18
Olive round gallon Bottles,	4
Do. do. half do do	2 50
Do do quart do do	1 50
Do pint flasks and do	1

—ALSO—

Pickling Jars, Blacking Bottles, &c.

CASH given for good clean WOOD ASHES.

Pittsburgh, October 22—3t

Buffaloe Robes,

Racoon and Bear Skins,

TEAS, COFFEE, LUMP & N. O. SUGAR,

Carolina Indigo, Snuff in kegs,
Pig-tail and twist Tobacco,

QUEENSWARE—assorted Crates.

An invoice of PEWTER Dishes & Plates
Cotton and Seine Twine, &c.

FOR SALE, WHOLESALE, at the Commission Warehouse, corner of Ferry and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

David Logan,

September 28.

BARLEY.

One Dollar per bushel

Will be given for good Merchantable BARLEY at the

Pittsburgh Point Brewery.

August 16 1819. tf

Bauduy's BRANDYWINE POWDER

110 KEGS

Just received, and For Sale by

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, February 29. tf

The Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association,

HAVE RECEIVED FROM STEUBENVILLE

A handsome assortment of

EXTRA Superfine and Fine Blue, Black, and mixed

Broad Cloths,

Which they offer for sale by the piece at the Factory prices—for Cash only;

ALSO

COPPERAS,

Of the first quality, by the barrel & half barrel.

An assortment of

Cotton Yarn,

At the Baltimore and Philadelphia prices.

Glass or Sand Paper,

at the same prices.

August 13. ——law8t

JOHN ALBREE,

South-west corner of Market street & the Diamond,

Has just received, and now opening

FOR SALE,

75 Packages Fall & Winter SHOES & BOOTS

CONSISTING OF

Mens fine and coarse Monroe Boots & Shoes.
Ladies Morocco fine calf and cordivan Boots,
Do do do walking Shoes;
Do do do cork sole ditto
Misses, Boys and Childrens morrocco and leather Boots and Shoes, of every description.
Suitable for the approaching season—

All of which were selected by an experienced agent, and will be sold at reduced prices,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

J. A. will continue monthly to receive additional supplies, of the first quality.

Pittsburgh, October 19.

William Hill & Brothers

Will receive at par for Merchandize, Notes of the following Banks,

DAYTON,
Urbana,
Lebanon,
Cincinnati,
Zanesville Canal Co.
Cleaveland & Canton.

Also most of the Banks of

KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE AND INDIANA.

Pittsburgh, July 6, 1819.——2awtf.

Fall Goods.

M. S. Mason,

Wood street, has just received an extensive assortment of seasonable

European, India & Domestic

Dry Goods,

Which are offered low, at wholesale, on accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, September 28. 6w

We have on Hand,

800 Reams Wrap. Paper,

CROWN SIZE;

120 Reams Medium Tea Paper,
440 ditto Fine Quarto Post,
120 Gross Bonnet Boards,
100 ditto Band Box ditto.

For which we will take many of the uncurrent notes in payment.

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

August 10.

Fresh Seasonable Goods.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to his customers and the public generally, that he has just received a fresh and general assortment of

DRY-GOODS,

Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, etc.

AMONG WHICH ARE

1 bale assorted rose Blankets,
1 do red and yellow Flannel,
2 cases Bombazetts, Calicoes, Ginghams, Cambricks, &c.
1 do cheap domestic Muslin,
100 packs of Pins—4½, 4 & 3½ pound—and 20 pound mixed Pins,
50 dozen assorted fine ivory Combs,
200 do low priced Knives and Forks,
3 do best quality rifle gun locks,
1 do assorted double and single shot-guns,
Blacksmith's Anvils, and a large assortment of Files and Rasps,

With a great variety of seasonable and scarce articles.

Domestic Stock on hand.

Pittsburgh cotton cord, lindsey and linen,
Nails and Tobacco, assorted per keg or retail,
Best Spanish Soal Leather,
Window glass, and green and flint glass war,
Rosin soap and Starch of the best quality—

All of which will be sold at fair market prices for Cash or approved barter.

☞ *No credit can or will be given*—but to afford every consistent facility to purchasers, *almost every kind of uncurrent and foreign Bank Notes* will be taken in payment at as fair a value as can be afforded, and bags, and linen, lindsay, flaxseed, dried fruit, whiskey, flour in bbls. rags, beeswax, flax, yarn, &c. will be received in exchange for goods at fair cash prices.

Isaac Harris,

Diamond.

Pittsburgh, October 15.——6

☞ Blair's Turnpikes, Huntingdon, Centre, Meadville, Canton, Cleaveland, New-Lisbon, Dayton, Zanesville, North Carolina and Georgia Bank Notes, &c. will be received in payment on fair terms.

Tacks & Sprigs.

Ormsby and Doane,

Have just received a further supply of

TACKS & SPRIGS,

From the Factory in Massachusetts.

Their assortment is now extensive and complete, which they offer for sale on the lowest terms.

Pittsburgh, October 22. 3m

350 Barrels Lake SALT,

4 HOGSHEADS LEAF TOBACCO,
10 BARRELS SHAD,
50 BOXES BRIMSTONE,

Will be sold low for Cash or approved notes, in order to close sales.

Allen & Grant.

Pittsburgh, October 12.

NOTICE.

GLASER & CO. have resigned their business in this city, to GLASER & CAMMANN, who will continue the same on their own account.

All persons having any demands against *Glaser & Co.* will please to present their accounts, and those indebted to the same to make immediate payment to Glaser & Cammann.

GLASER & CO.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1819.

Augustus Henry Glaser,

AND

Hermann H. C. Cammann,

Have formed a connextion in the

Commission Business,

under the firm of GLASER & CAMMANN.

AUGUSTUS HENRY GLASER,
HERMANN H. C. CAMMANN,

Who have for Sale at their Ware-House in Front Street between Market and Wood Streets,

American Boiler Iron,	Conemaugh Salt,
Nails, Scythes,	Teas,
Cutting Knives,	A few barrels Mackarel,
Window Glass, all sizes,	Blankets,
Porter Bottles,	Canton Crapes, &c.
Hollow Ware	

Attention!

ALL those indebted to the late Pittsburgh Academy, will take notice that its debts have been transferred to the Western University of Pennsylvania—Those who neglect to pay the subscriber on or before the first of December next, the amount of their respective accounts will be exacted in par money, and put in suit for collection immediately after that date.

ABNER BARKER,
Manager W. U. P.

SELDEN & M'NAIR,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS,

In Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

Pttsburgh, May 4, 1819.

Altena Iron Works,

NEAR PITTSBURGH.

THE following is a list of prices of the different kinds of IRON which can be furnished at the above Works at short notice for cash:

Barr Iron Tire for Waggons, &c. per ton,	$ 110
Fine drawn less than common,	120
Nail Iron 6d 8d 10d	130
do. 4d	140
Boiler Iron 1-8, 3-16 and 1-4 inch thick,	150
Single, less than 1-8 inch,	160
Double and Tribble Sheet Iron.	170

Wheat or Flour, Corn, Oats, Potatoes or Wood will be received in exchange at the market prices for Iron.

JOSHUA MALIN, Agent.

Oct. 8, 1819.